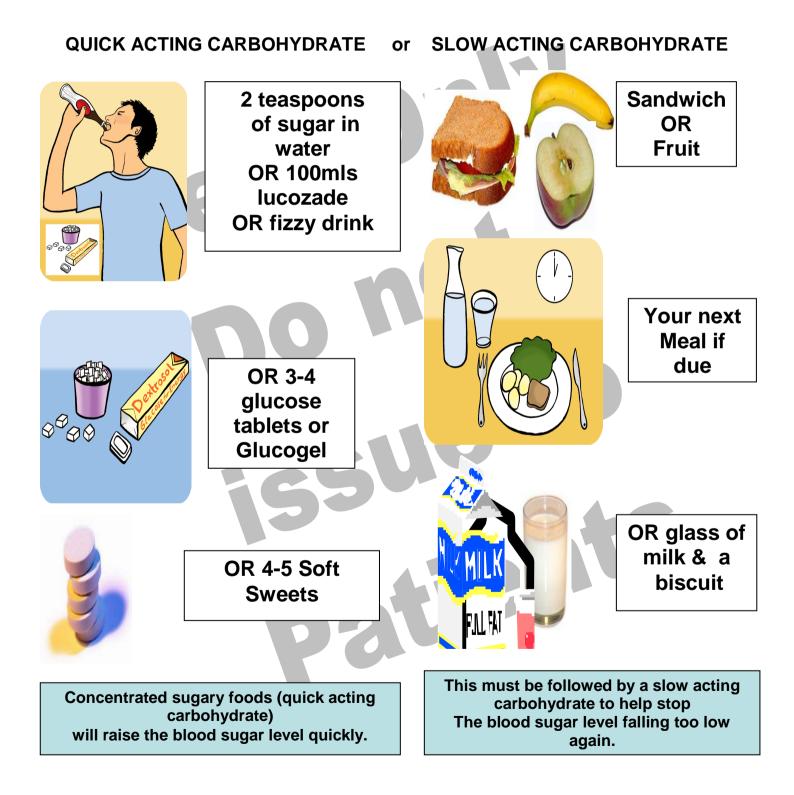


How should I treat a HYPO?



Information for Patients

Hypoglycaemia – definition, causes and action

WHAT IT MEANS

- 1. Low blood sugar (glucose) below 4 mmol/L
- 2. You might experience
 - Shakiness
 - Increased sweating
 - Rapid pulse rate
 - Tingling in the mouth
 - Feelings of hunger

Others might notice

- Mood changes
- Irrational behavior
- Lack of concentration
- Irritability
- 3. If not treated promptly you could become confused or lose consciousness. You would then require Emergency help

WHAT CAUSES IT

- Too much insulin.
- Incorrect dose/ type of tablets.
- Delayed or missed meals.
- Not enough food especially carbohydrate
- Strenuous or unplanned exercise/ activity.
- Drinking alcohol without food.
- Unexplained causes

ACTION SHORT TERM – ACT PROMPTLY

- 1. If possible check Blood sugar level.
- 2. Take sugar or sugary drink immediately
- 3. Follow this with a snack or meal

IF CONDITION DOES NOT IMPROVE CALL A DOCTOR

Information for Patients

LONG TERM – If hypos are Frequent/persistent

- 1. Discuss the problem with your Dr or diabetes nurse. Your insulin or tablet dosage may need to be altered
- 2. Carry sugar or glucose tablets wherever you go.
- 3. Reduce insulin/tablets before planned exercise.
- 4. Wear ID which states you have diabetes

Contact us:

If you have any queries please ask when you come to your clinic appointment. Should you need to contact us for any reason our direct line telephone number is 0121 424 1176.

Additional Sources of Information:

You may want to visit the Health Information Centre located at the Main Entrance at Birmingham Heartlands Hospital, Tel: 0121 424 2280, Email: <u>healthinfo.centre@heartofengland.nhs.uk</u>

Diabetes UK

Telephone: 0845 120 2960 or visit them on the internet at http://diabetes.org.uk

NHS Direct

Telephone 0845 4647 or visit them on the Internet at http://www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk

Please use the space below to write down any questions you may want to ask:

Our commitment to confidentiality

We keep personal and clinical information about you to ensure you receive appropriate care and treatment. Everyone working in the NHS has a legal duty to keep information about you confidential.

We will always ask you for your consent if we need to use information that identifies you. We will share information with other parts of the NHS to support your healthcare needs, and we will inform your GP of your progress unless you ask us not to. You can help us by pointing out any information in your records which is wrong or needs updating.